



**KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA**  
**Nation Religion King**

**STATEMENT ON INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND ASSISTANCE**  
**Third Review Conference of the Convention on Cluster Munitions (3RC-CCM)**  
***Lao National Conference Centre, Vientiane, Lao PDR | 14-18 September 2026***

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**Mr. President, Excellencies, Ladies, and Gentlemen,**

At the outset, Cambodia warmly congratulates Lao PDR on its Presidency of the Convention and wishes you every success in guiding this important Review Conference.

On behalf of the Royal Government of Cambodia, I am honored to present Cambodia's continuing efforts in international cooperation and assistance in mine action.

Cambodia's experience demonstrates the value of sustained international cooperation and strong national ownership. Over the past three decades, approximately USD 1 billion has been invested in Cambodia's mine action, with around 70 percent provided by international partners and 30 percent by the Royal Government of Cambodia. Building on this partnership, our National Mine Action Policy 2026–2035 aims to complete clearance of all known cluster munition-contaminated areas by 2035—a goal that will require continued national commitment, international cooperation and resources.

**Mr. President,**

While Cambodia continues to benefit from international assistance, we are also increasingly contributing our experience, knowledge and capacities to international mine action and disarmament.

Most recently, Cambodia served as President of the Fifth Review Conference of the Anti-Personnel Mine Ban Convention in 2024, leading the adoption of the Siem Reap–Angkor Action Plan 2025–2029 and the Siem Reap–Angkor Political Declaration.

At the technical level, Cambodia continues to share capacities developed through decades of mine action. In 2026, we worked with international partners to advance technical survey and strengthen national standards on cluster munition remnant survey and information management. Cambodian institutions exchanged expertise with Lao PDR and Viet Nam on cluster munition and UXO survey and clearance, while Cambodian mine action personnel and operators provided training and technical support to other affected countries, including Ukraine, Azerbaijan and Syria.

These efforts demonstrate the growing value of South-South and triangular cooperation, whereby international investment in national capacity can generate humanitarian benefits far beyond national borders.

Cambodia's contribution also extends to United Nations peacekeeping. Since 2006, more than 10,000 Cambodian peacekeepers have served internationally, including personnel specialized in mine and explosive ordnance clearance.

**Mr. President,**

Cambodia stands today both as a beneficiary of international assistance and as a contributor to international mine action. We sincerely thank donor governments, international organizations, operators and other partners whose sustained support has made this possible.

Cambodia remains committed to strengthening international cooperation, national ownership and the exchange of expertise, consistent with the humanitarian objectives of the Convention for a world free from the suffering caused by cluster munitions.

**Thank you, Mr. President.**