



Last updated: 20 April 2020

	<p style="text-align: center;">Ireland</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Signed and ratified: 3 December 2008 Entered into force: 1 August 2010</p>	
<p>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</p>		
<p>Does not have cluster munition stockpiles</p>		
<p>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</p>		
<p>Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control</p>		
<p>Article 5 - Victim assistance</p>		
<p>Does not have cluster munition victims</p>		
<p>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</p>		
<p>Provided financial assistance in 2019 for mine action (including cluster munitions) to: Afghanistan, Cambodia, Colombia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Myanmar, Somalia/Somaliland, South Sudan, Vietnam, and Zimbabwe</p>		
<p>Article 7 - Transparency measures</p>		
<p>Initial transparency report submitted on 27 January 2011</p>		
<p>Annual reports submitted covering: 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019</p>		
<p>Article 9 - National implementation measures</p>		
<p>Enacted Cluster Munitions and Anti-Personnel Mines Act 2008 that includes penal sanctions as required by the CCM and also prohibits investment of public funds in companies that manufactures cluster munitions</p>		
<p>Focal point contact details <u>Capital</u> Department of Foreign Affairs: brian.mcnally@dfa.ie</p>	<p>Focal point contact details <u>Geneva</u> Mr. Jamie Walsh: JamieF.Walsh@dfa.ie</p>	