



Last updated: 16 July 2019

	<p style="text-align: center;">State of Palestine</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Acceded: 2 January 2015 Entered into force: 1 July 2015</p>	
<p>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition stockpiles</p>		
<p>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</p> <p>Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control</p>		
<p>Article 5 - Victim assistance</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition victims</p>		
<p>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</p> <p>Has requested assistance to carry out an unexploded ordnance survey</p> <p>Donors in 2018 included: Italy, Japan, Netherlands and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</p>		
<p>Article 7 - Transparency measures</p> <p>Initial transparency report submitted on 15 November 2017</p> <p>Annual report submitted covering: 2017 and 2018</p>		
<p>Article 9 - National implementation measures</p> <p>Existing law – <i>Law No.2 of 1998 on Firearms and Ammunition</i> – which includes penal sanctions, is considered by the State of Palestine as sufficient to implement the CCM</p>		
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