



CONVENTION
ON CLUSTER MUNITIONS

Last updated: 9 May 2019

	<p style="text-align: center;">Andorra Acceded: 9 April 2013 Entered into force: 1 October 2013</p>	
<p>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition stockpiles</p>		
<p>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</p> <p>Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control</p>		
<p>Article 5 - Victim assistance</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition victims</p>		
<p>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</p> <p>Provided financial assistance in 2017 for implementation of Article 5 and advocacy through United Nations Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary General for Children and Armed Conflict, United Nations Voluntary Trust Fund for Assistance in Mine Action, and ICRC programmes on physical rehabilitation of victims of mines and cluster munitions</p>		
<p>Article 7 - Transparency measures</p> <p>Initial transparency report submitted on 3 July 2014</p> <p>Annual reports submitted covering: 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018</p>		
<p>Article 9 - National implementation measures</p> <p>Existing law - <i>Qualified Law of the Penal Code, title XIV, the Crimes against Collective Security</i> - which includes penal sanctions, is considered by Andorra as sufficient to implement the CCM</p>		
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