



CONVENTION
ON CLUSTER MUNITIONS

Last updated: 28 April 2023



Japan

Signed: 3 December 2008
Ratified: 14 July 2009
Entered into force: 1 August 2010



Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention

Completed destruction of its cluster munition stockpiles in February 2015

Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education

Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control

Article 5 - Victim assistance

Does not have cluster munition victims

Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance

Provided financial assistance in 2022 for mine action programmes to: Afghanistan, Angola, Benin, Cambodia, Cameroon, CAR, Ethiopia, Iraq, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Niger, Nigeria, Somalia, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syria, Togo, Ukraine, Vietnam, Yemen, Zimbabwe, ICRC and UNMAS

Article 7 - Transparency measures

Initial transparency report submitted on 27 January 2011

Annual reports submitted covering: 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022

Article 9 - National implementation measures

Enacted [Act on the Prohibition of the Production and the Restriction of the Possession of Cluster Munitions \(Act No. 85 of Heisei 21\)](#) that includes penal sanctions as required by the CCM

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